

community services program for a wide range of community services; insures loans and provides subsidies to individuals or organizations for low-rental housing projects; offers financial assistance for rural and native housing; makes loans for the rehabilitation of older houses in rural and urban areas; makes grants for home insulation; conducts housing research; encourages urban planning; and owns and manages rental housing units. The corporation arranges for and supervises construction of housing projects on behalf of other government departments and agencies. It is responsible to Parliament through the minister of public works. The national office of the corporation is in Ottawa with local offices in major urban areas across Canada. Formerly known as Central Mortgage and Housing Corp., the name was changed on July 1, 1979.

Canadian Advisory Council on the Status of Women. The council received official status by order-in-council PC 1976-781 on April 1, 1976. It advises the government and informs the public on matters pertaining to the status of women. It recommends changes in legislation and other actions to improve the position of women, and publishes research papers which are available on request.

The council consists of a president and two vice-presidents who are full-time members and 27 part-time members, appointed from each province and territory by the Governor-in-Council for three-year terms. It reports to Parliament through the minister responsible for the status of women.

Canadian Arsenals Ltd. (Arsenals Canada). The principal function of this Crown corporation is to operate government-owned facilities for the production of certain defence material and other complementary items. It was established under the Companies Act in September 1945, and is subject to the Government Companies Operation Act (RSC 1970, c.G-7) and certain provisions of the Financial Administration Act (RSC 1970, c.F-10). It reports to Parliament through the minister of supply and services.

Canadian Broadcasting Corp. The CBC is a Crown corporation established by an act of Parliament in 1936, replacing an earlier public broadcasting agency, the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission, created in 1932. The Broadcasting Act of 1968 (RSC 1970, c.B-11) describes the CBC as established by Parliament for the purpose of providing the national broadcasting service.

The corporation has a president and 14 other directors appointed by the Governor-in-Council. The president is the chief executive officer. The executive vice-president is appointed by the corporation on the recommendation of the president and with the approval of the Governor-in-Council. He is responsible to the president for the management of broadcasting operations in accordance with corporation policies.

CBC operations are financed by public funds voted annually by Parliament, with supplementary revenue obtained from commercial advertising. The CBC's accounts are audited annually by the auditor general of Canada and the corporation reports to Parliament through the secretary of state.

Canadian Commercial Corp. This corporation, wholly owned by the Government of Canada, was established in 1946 by an act of Parliament (RSC 1970, c.C-6) to assist in the development of trade between Canada and other nations. The corporation may act either as the principal or agent in the import or export of goods and commodities to or from Canada. Under this broad charter, it acts primarily as the contracting agency when other countries and international agencies wish to purchase from Canada on a government-to-government basis.

On July 1, 1978, the Canadian Commercial Corp. headquarters was formed to facilitate turnkey and major overseas projects in the further development of trade with other countries.

CCC traditional procurement business will continue to be handled by the export supply centre of the supply and services department, on the basis of a memorandum of understanding between CCC and DSS.

On November 24, 1978, the government transferred the duties and responsibilities of the minister under the Canadian Commercial Corporation Act of 1946 from the minister of supply and services to the minister of industry, trade and commerce.

Canadian Dairy Commission. This commission, which reports to Parliament through the minister of agriculture, was established in December 1966 (RSC 1970, c.C-7) to provide efficient producers of milk and cream the opportunity of obtaining a fair return for labour and investment and at the same time ensure consumers of dairy products a continuous and adequate supply. The commission consists of three members appointed by the Governor-in-Council and operates with the advice of a nine-member advisory committee appointed by the minister. Since 1970, the commission has chaired a national milk supply management committee, comprised of provincial milk marketing agencies and provincial government agencies, which manages the market share quota system under the terms of a federal-provincial milk marketing plan.

Canadian Film Development Corp. This corporation, established by an act of Parliament in March 1967 (RSC 1970, c.C-8), fosters and promotes the development of a feature film industry in Canada through investment in productions, loans to producers, awards for outstanding accomplishments, and advice and assistance in distribution and administrative matters. It co-operates with other federal and provincial departments and agencies having like interests and as of April 1, 1977, is financed by a yearly appropriation. The corporation consists of the government film commissioner (ex officio) and six other members